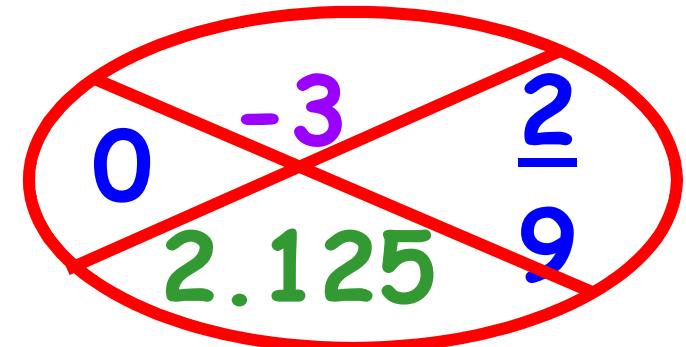


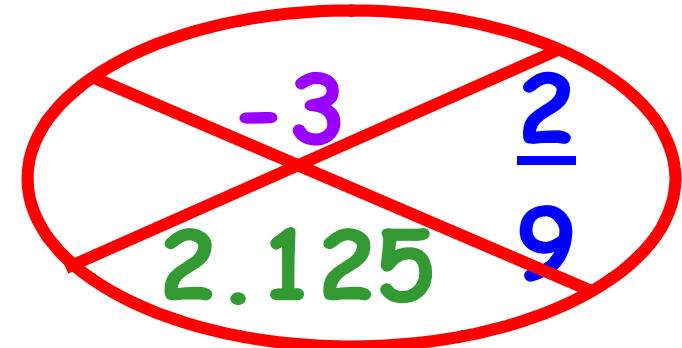
5 natural number

285 6 95
34791



0 whole number 95

285 6 5
34791



+

sign

-

positive

negative

5

0

integer

-95

285

-6

-4791

~~-3.1
2.125
 $\frac{2}{9}$~~

opposite

-5 → 5

-37 → 37

15 → -15

200 → -200

below zero

negative

-5°

loss of yards

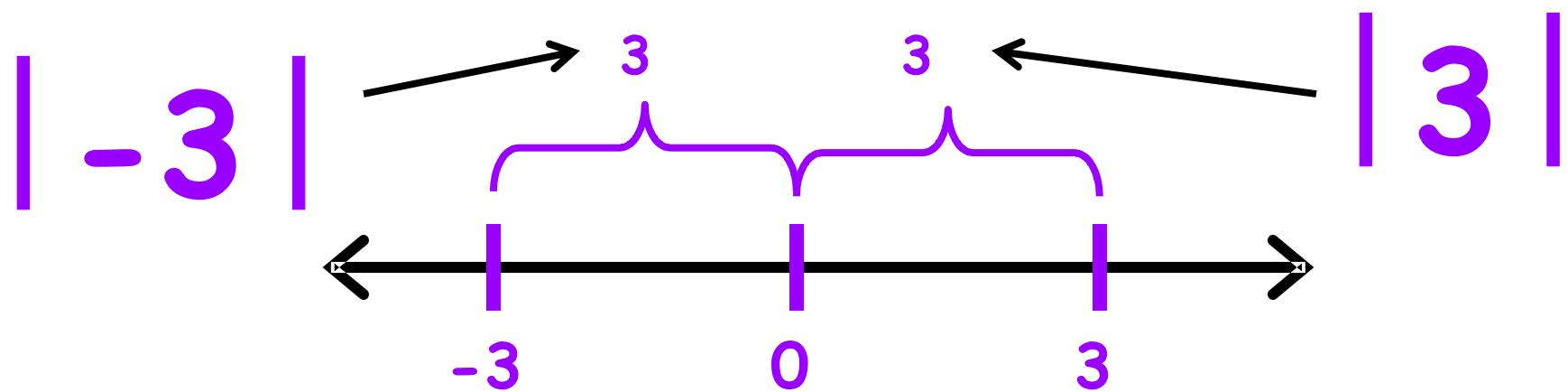
-15 yds

below sea level

-200 ft

positive **75°**
above zero **10 yds**
yards gained
above sea level **500 ft**

absolute value



$2x$, $3y$, 5

term

$6ab$, 12

$$2x + 3y - 5$$

$$6ab + 12$$

x , y

variable

a , b

$$2x + 3y - 5$$

$$6ab + 12$$

commutative property

$$6a + 12 = 12 + 6a$$

$$3x \cdot 5 = 5 \cdot 3x$$

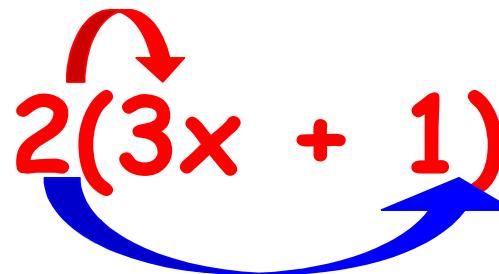
associative property

$$3 + (a + 5) = (3 + a) + 5$$

$$2 \cdot (x \cdot 4) = (2 \cdot x) \cdot 4$$

distributive property

$$2(3x + 1) = (3x + 1) + (3x + 1) = 6x + 2$$

$$2(3x + 1) = 6x + 2$$


algebraic expression

$2x$

$2x + 3$

$-3x$

$-x + 2$

$4x - 4$

linear equation

$$y = 2x$$

$$2x + 3 = y$$

$$y = -x + 2$$

direct proportion

$$y = 3x$$

x	y
-1	-3
0	0
2	6

$$y = -2x$$

x	y
-1	2
0	0
2	-4

$$C = \pi d$$

500 miles
500 km

constant of proportionality ($y = kx$)

Traveling 70 mph for 3 hours = 210 miles traveled

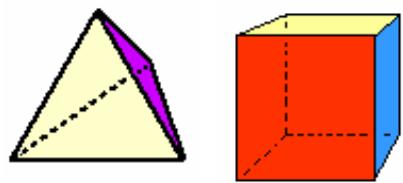
variation

inverse

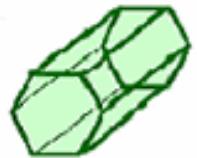
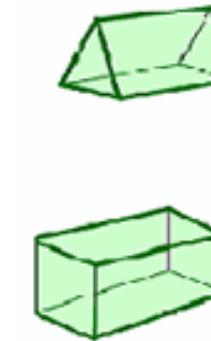
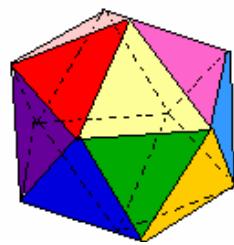
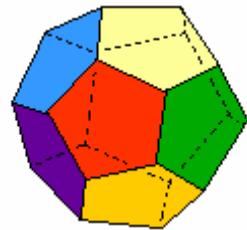
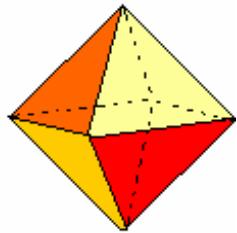
$$y = \frac{k}{x}$$

direct

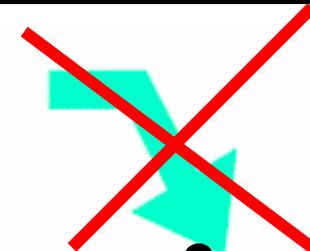
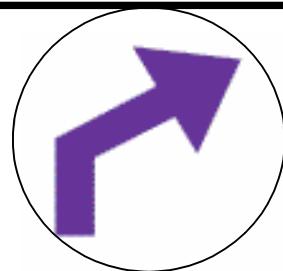
$$y = kx$$



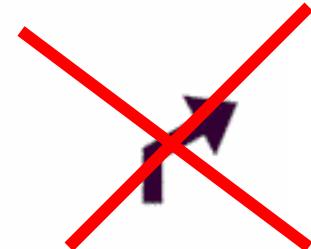
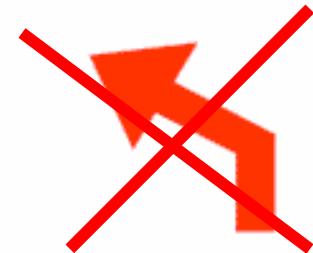
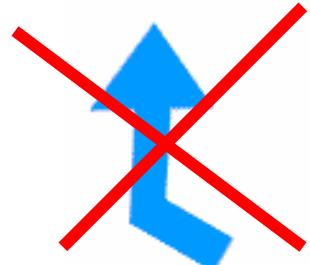
polyhedron

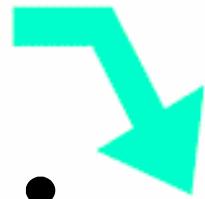
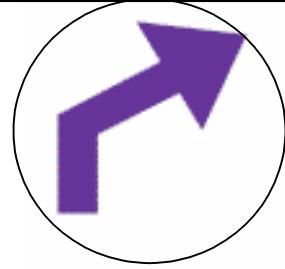


REGULAR or PLATONIC SOLIDS

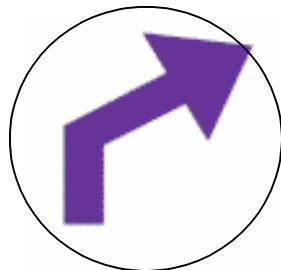
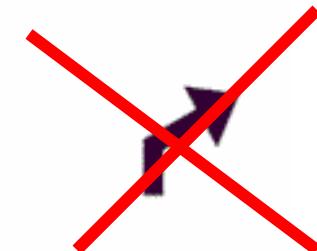
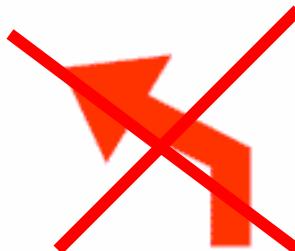


translation

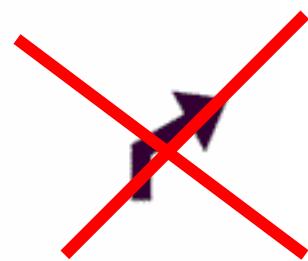
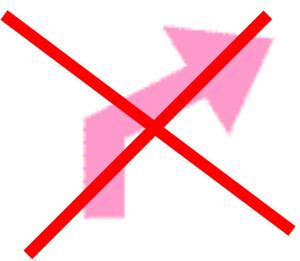
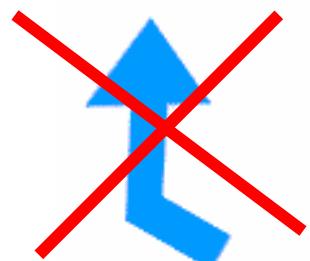


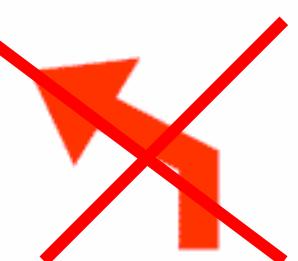
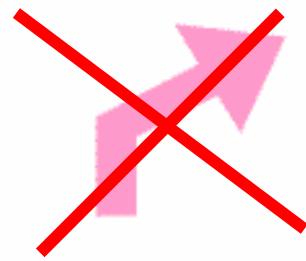
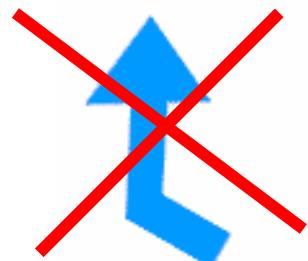
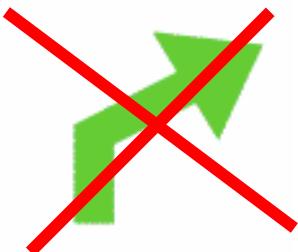
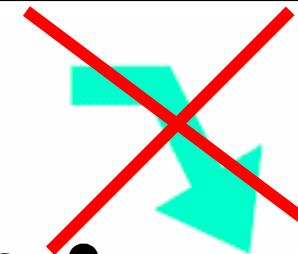
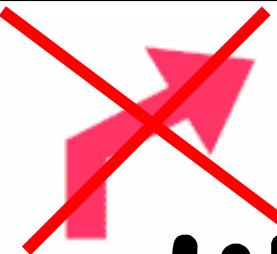
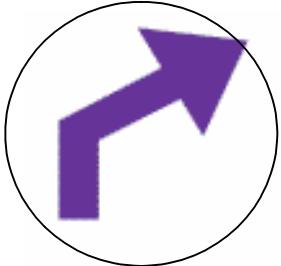


rotation

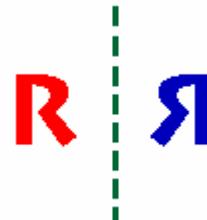
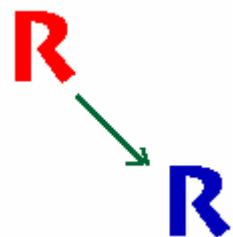


reflection



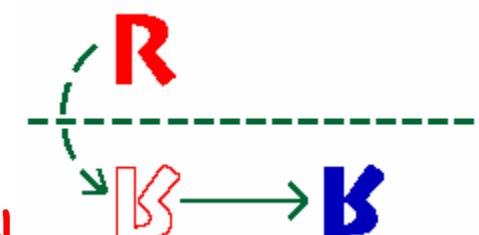
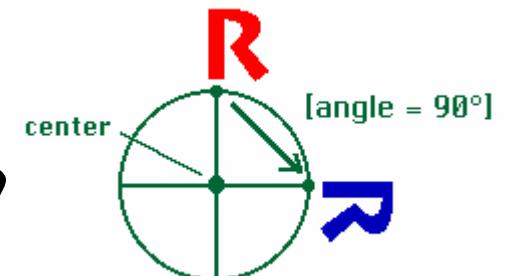


TRANSLATION



REFLECTION

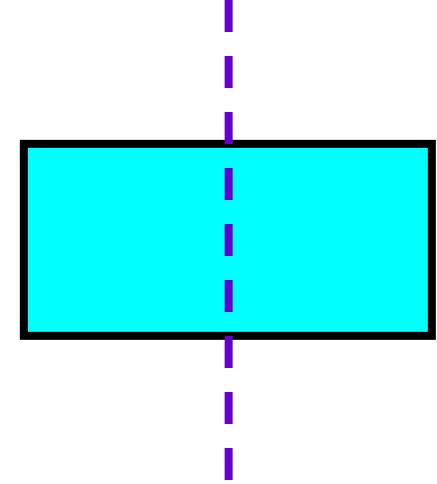
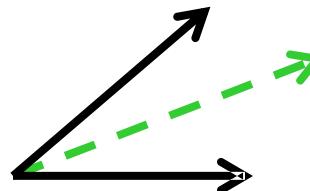
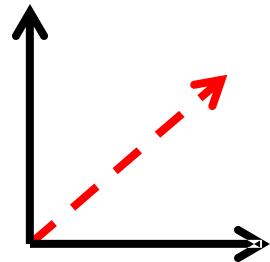
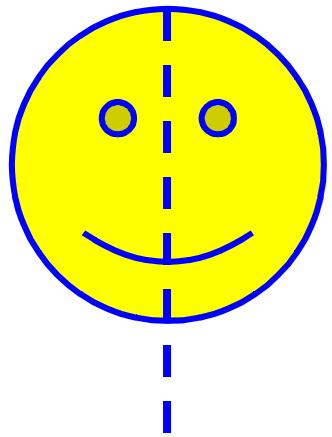
ROTATION



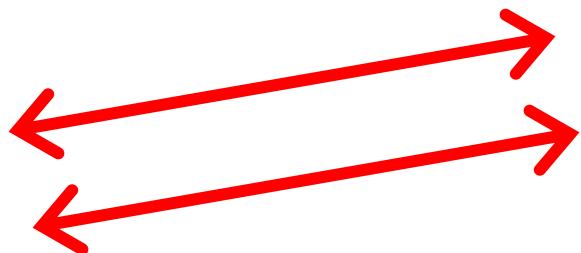
GLIDE REFLECTION

symmetry

bisector

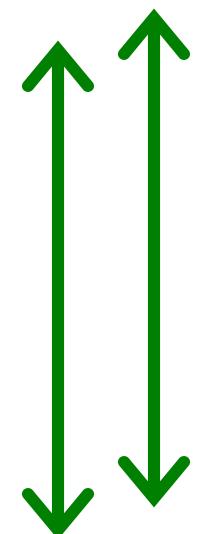


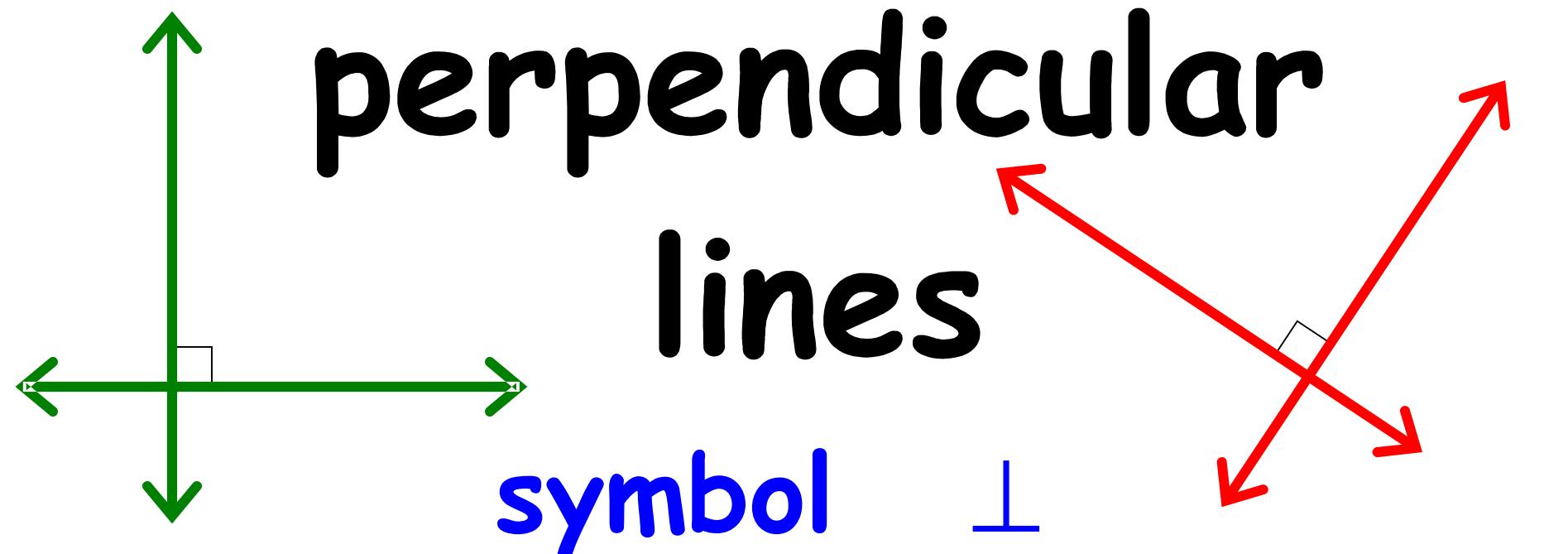
parallel lines



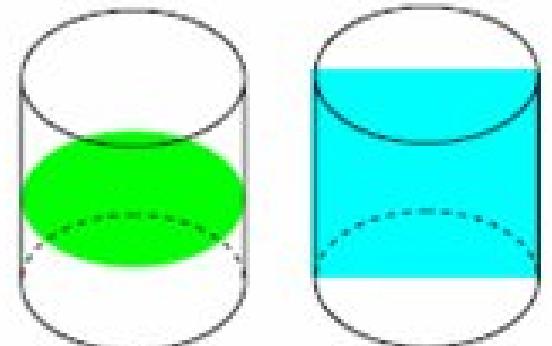
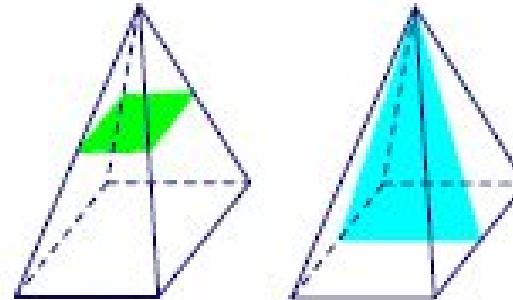
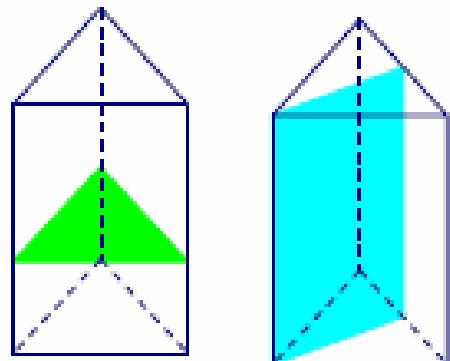
symbol

||

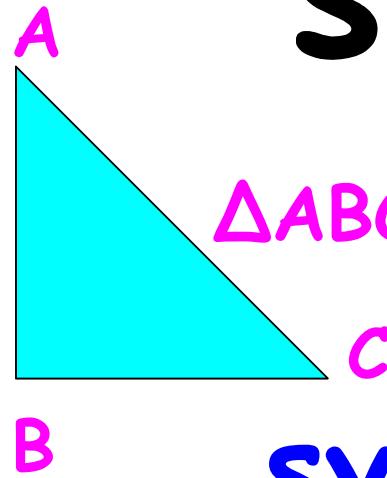




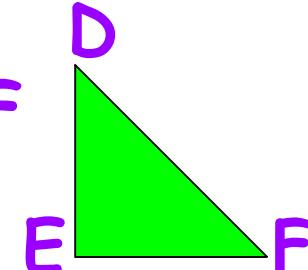
cross-section



similar



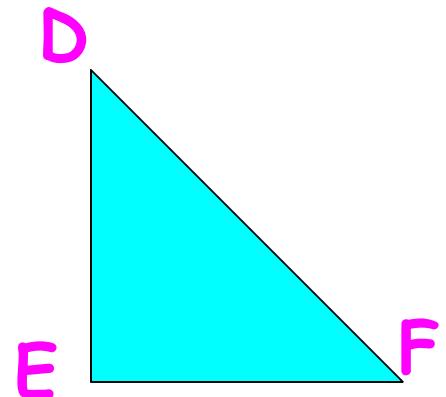
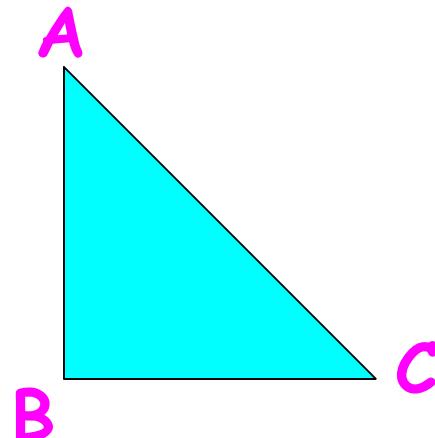
$$\Delta ABC \sim \Delta DEF$$



symbol \sim

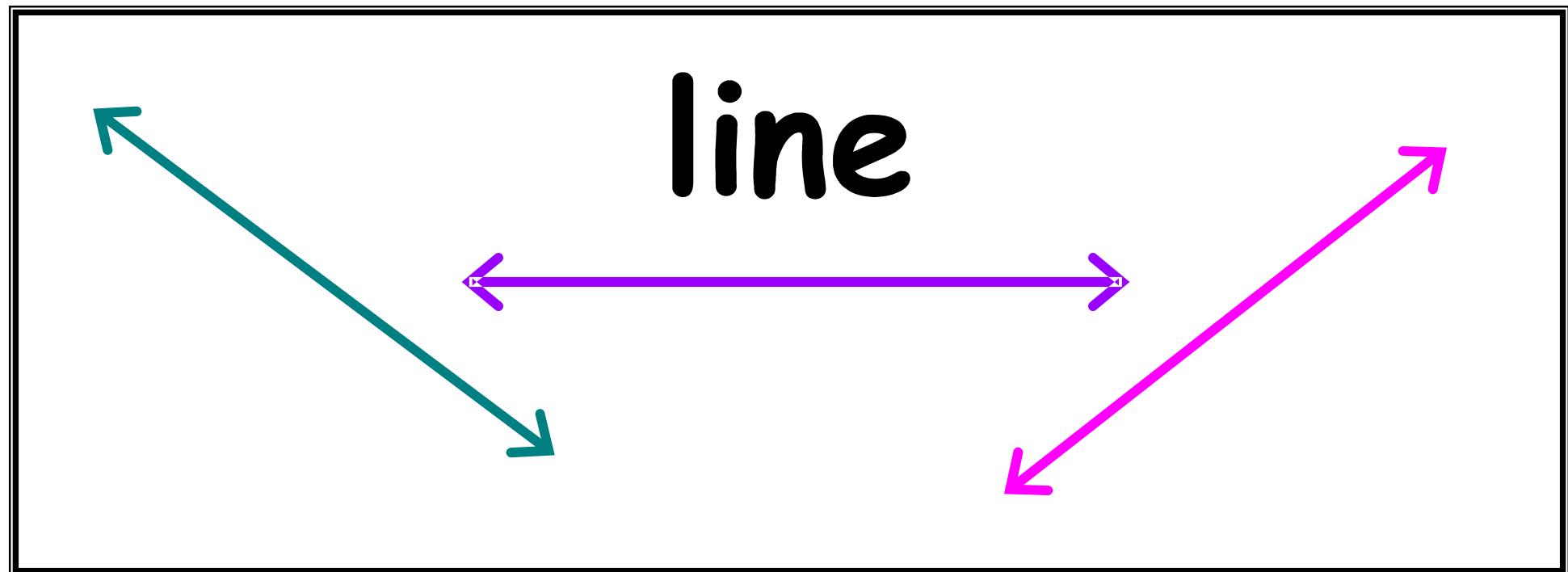
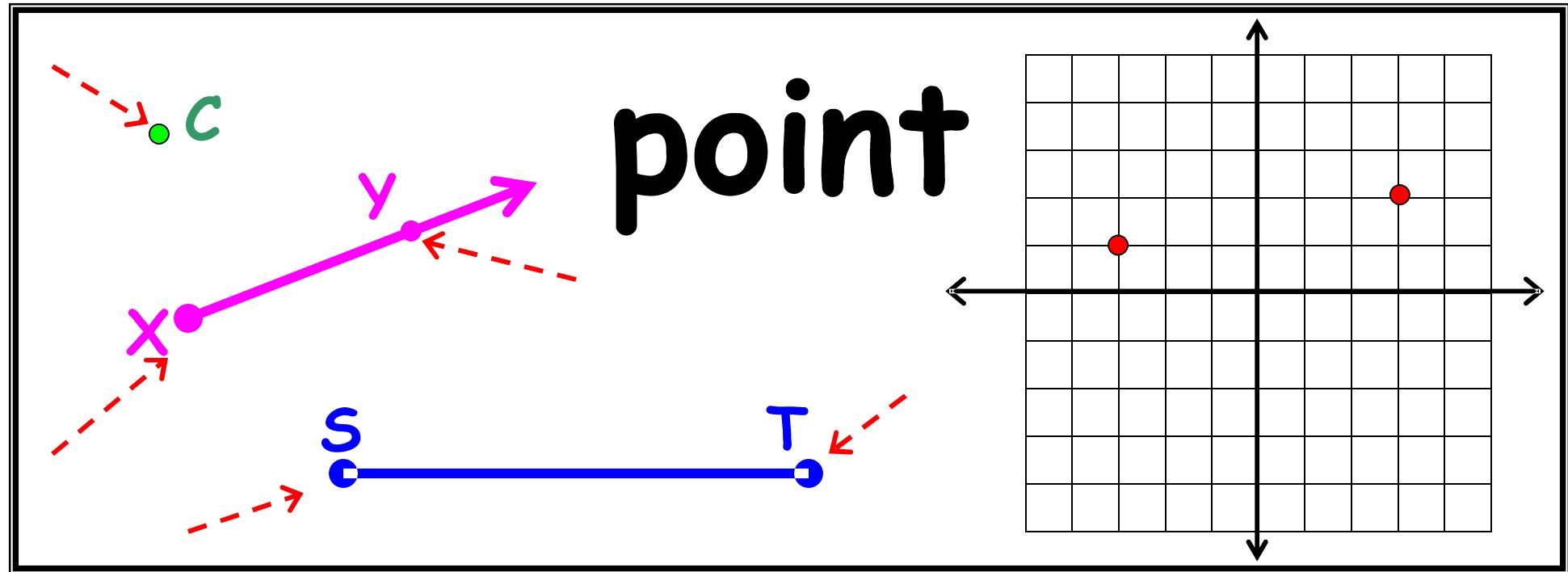


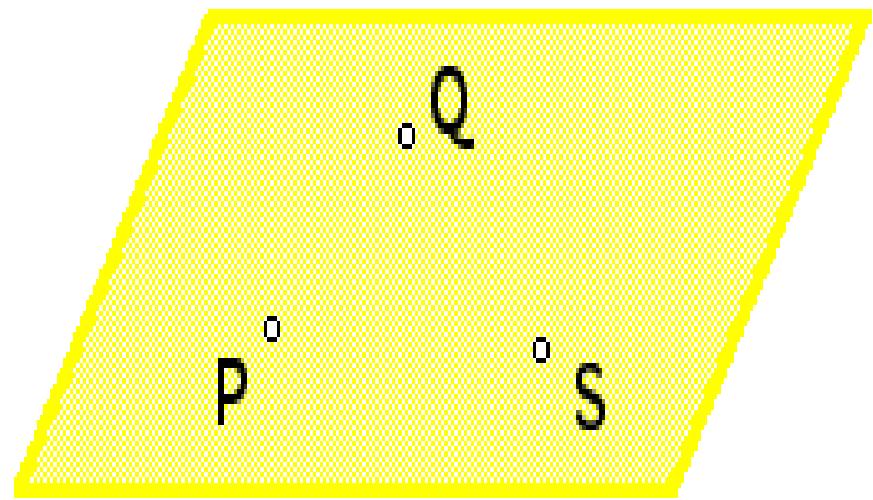
congruent



symbol \equiv

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta ABC &\cong \Delta DEF \\ \overline{AB} &= \overline{DE} \\ \overline{AC} &= \overline{DF} \\ \overline{BC} &= \overline{EF}\end{aligned}$$

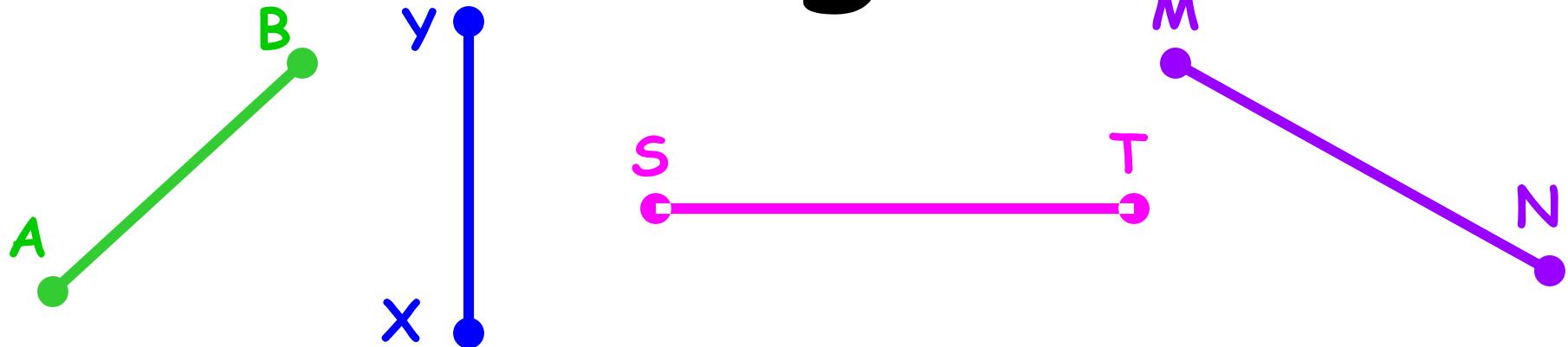




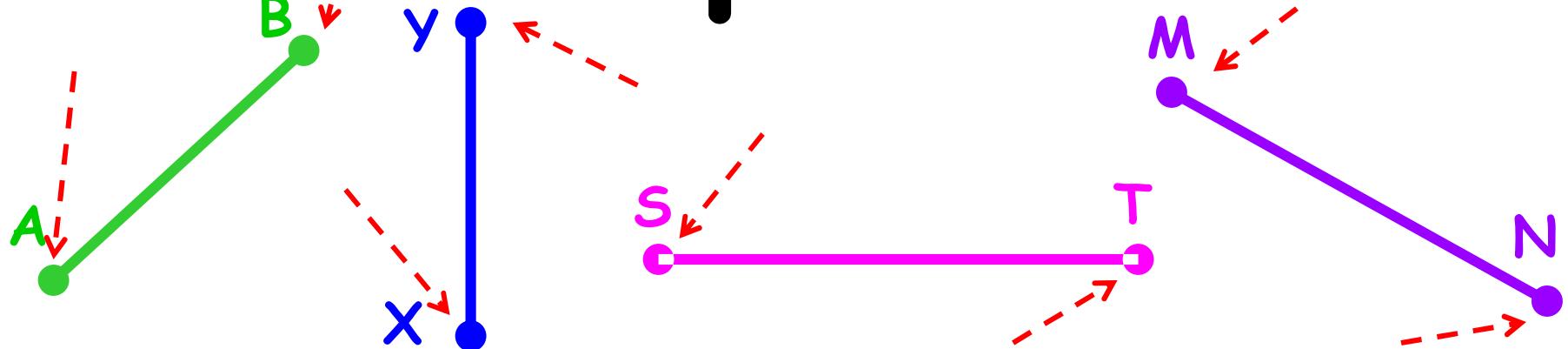
plane

plane **R**

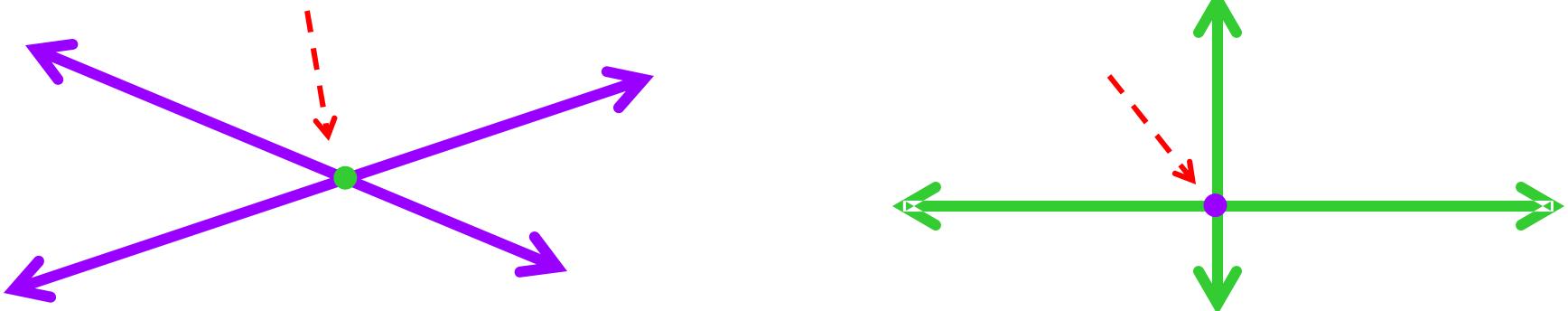
line segment



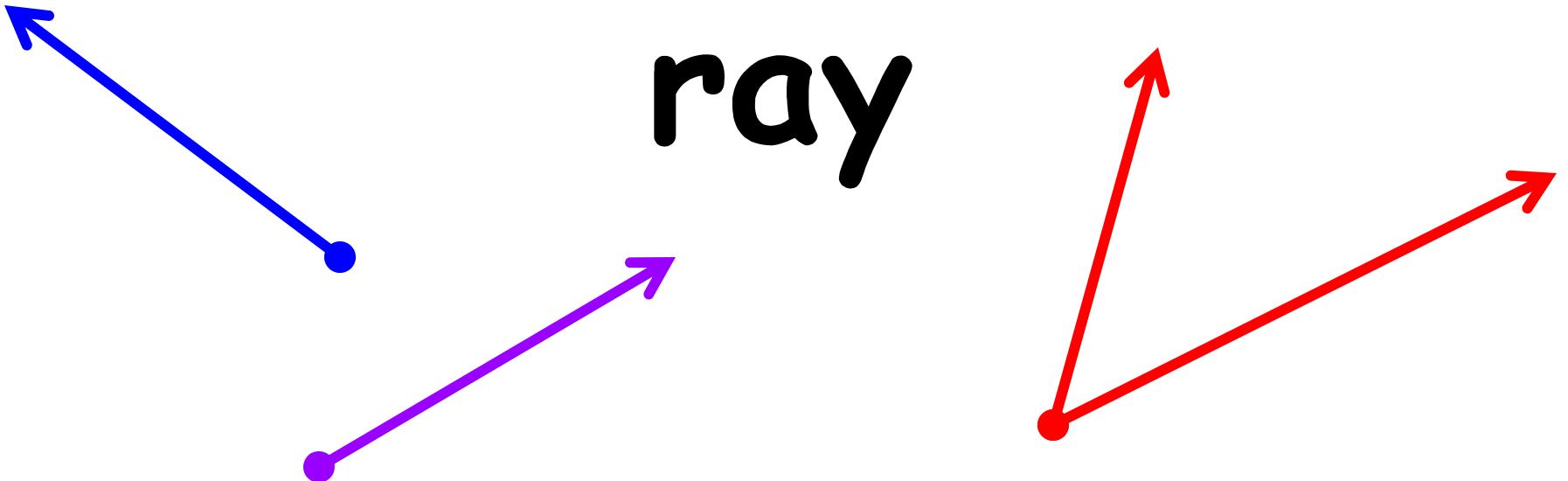
endpoints



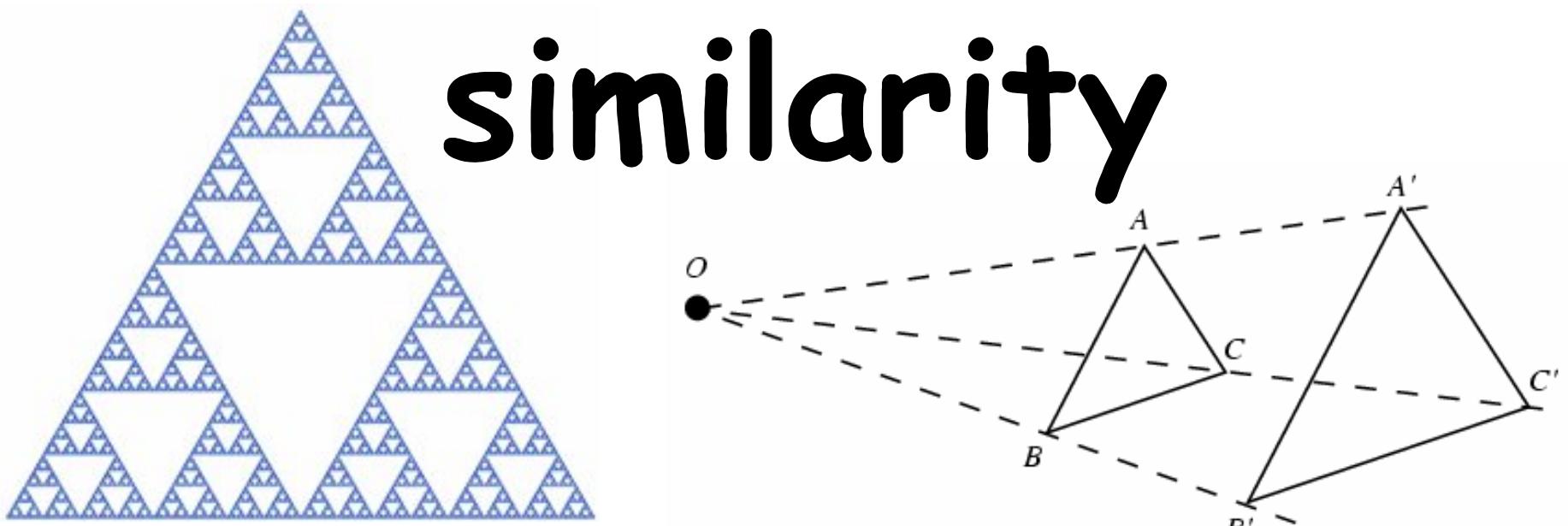
intersection



ray



similarity



rate

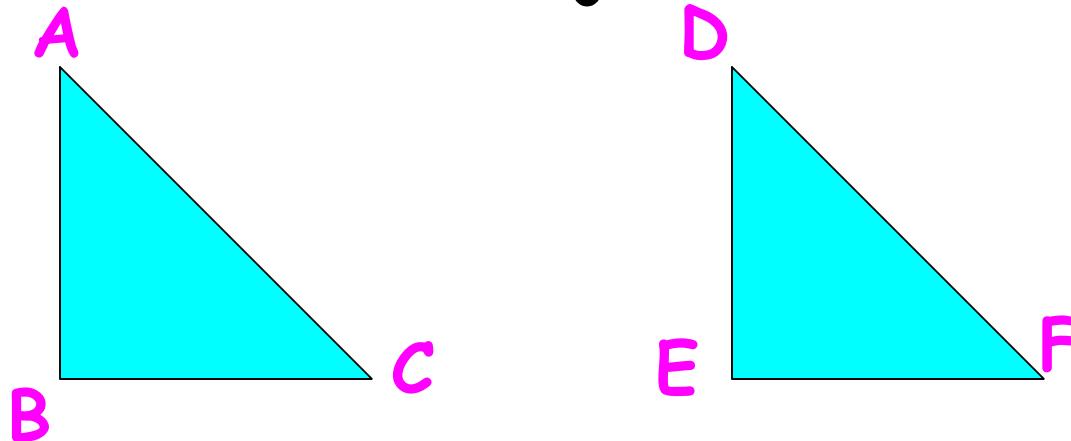
miles per hour

gallons per minute

meters per second

price per pound

corresponding sides



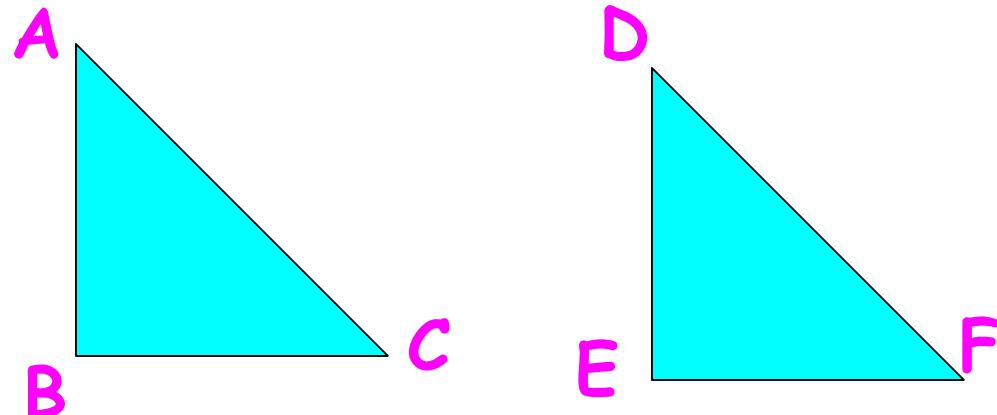
$$\Delta ABC \cong \Delta DEF$$

AB and DE

AC and DF

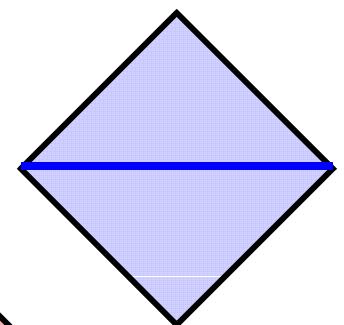
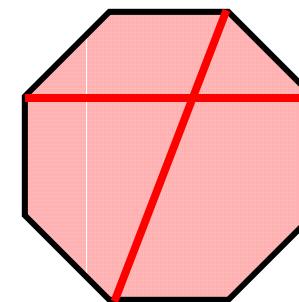
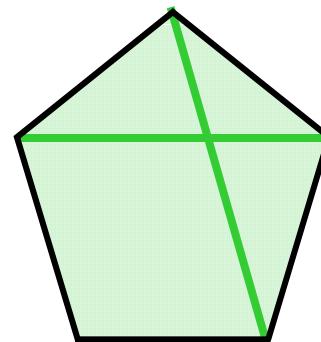
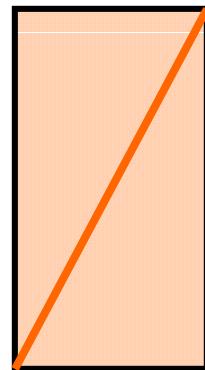
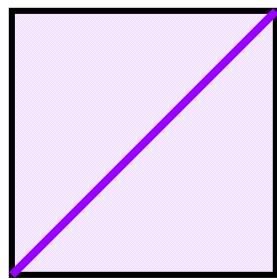
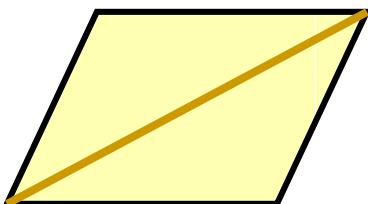
BC and EF

corresponding angles



$$\begin{aligned}\Delta ABC &\cong \Delta DEF \\ \angle ABC &= \angle DEF \\ \angle ACB &= \angle DFE \\ \angle BAC &= \angle EDF\end{aligned}$$

diagonal

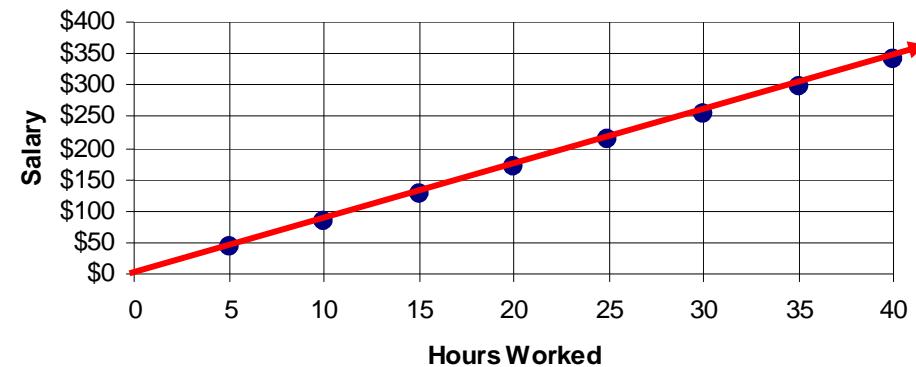


direct variation

Summer Work

$$y = kx$$

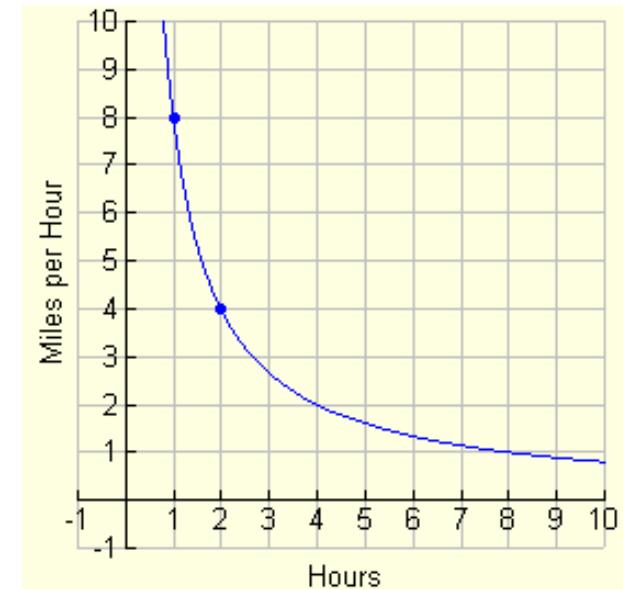
As hours worked increases,
salary increases.



inverse variation

$$y = \frac{k}{x}$$

As speed decreases,
time increases.



inversely proportional

speed and time - the faster you go, the less time it takes
to get there

workers and time - the more workers you have, the less
time it takes to complete the job

equal distribution

mean

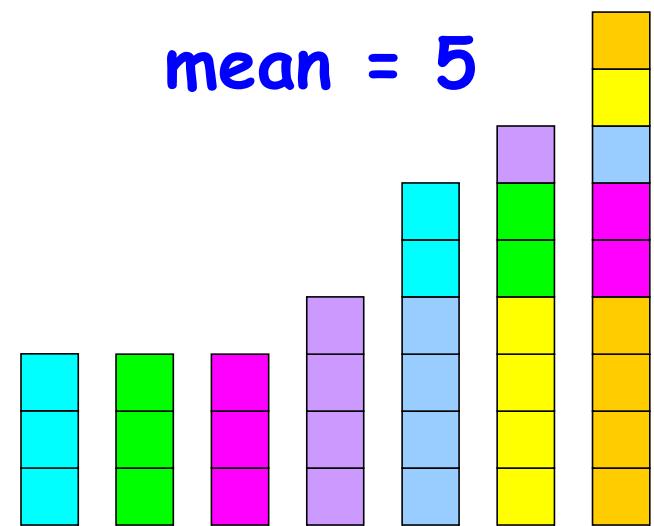
90 92 93

97

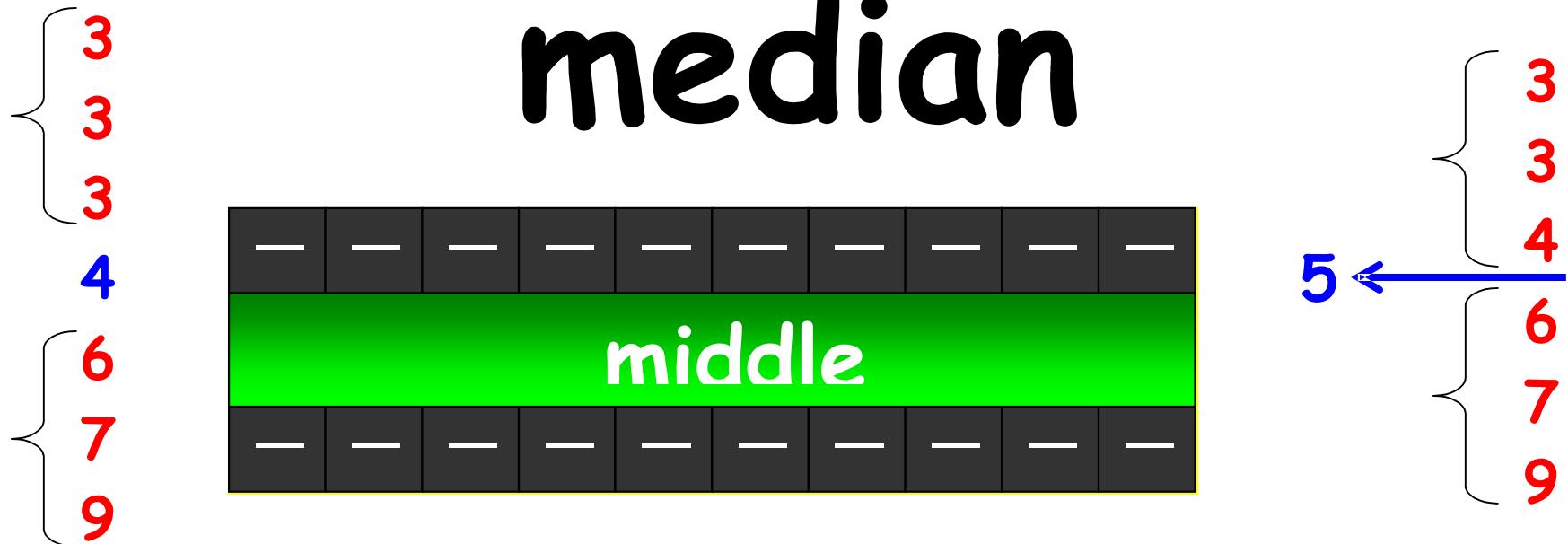


mean = 93

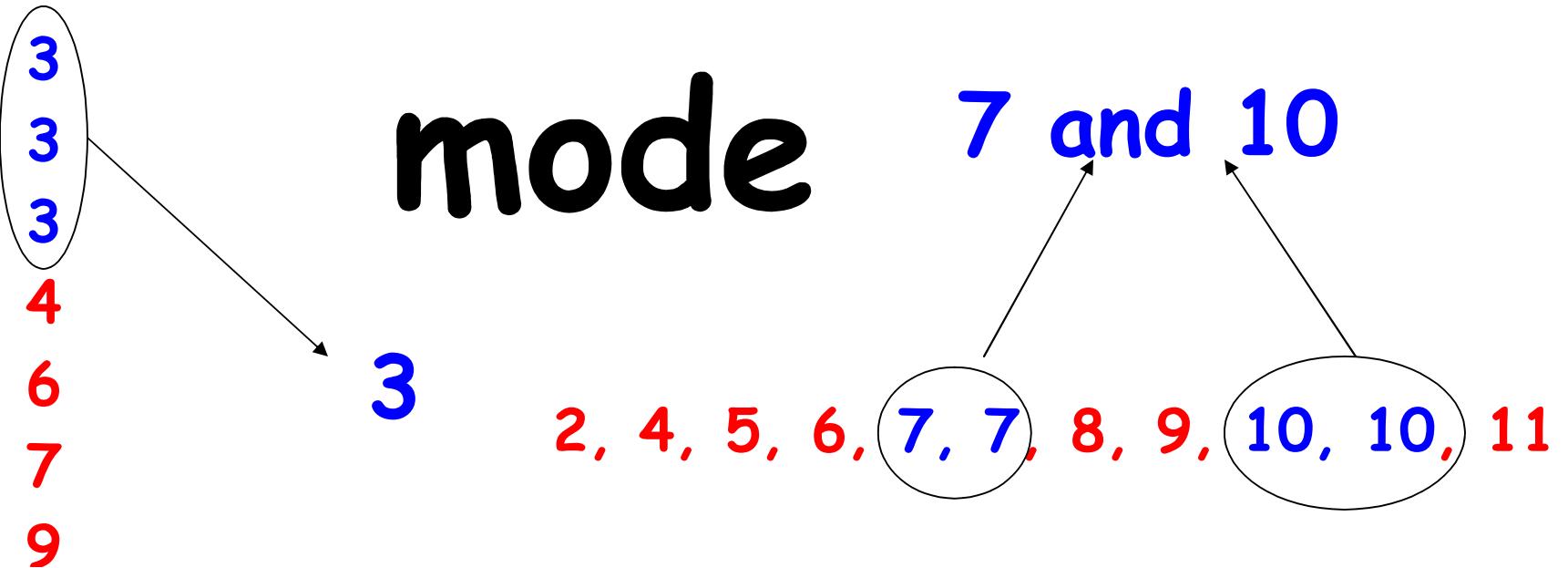
mean = 5



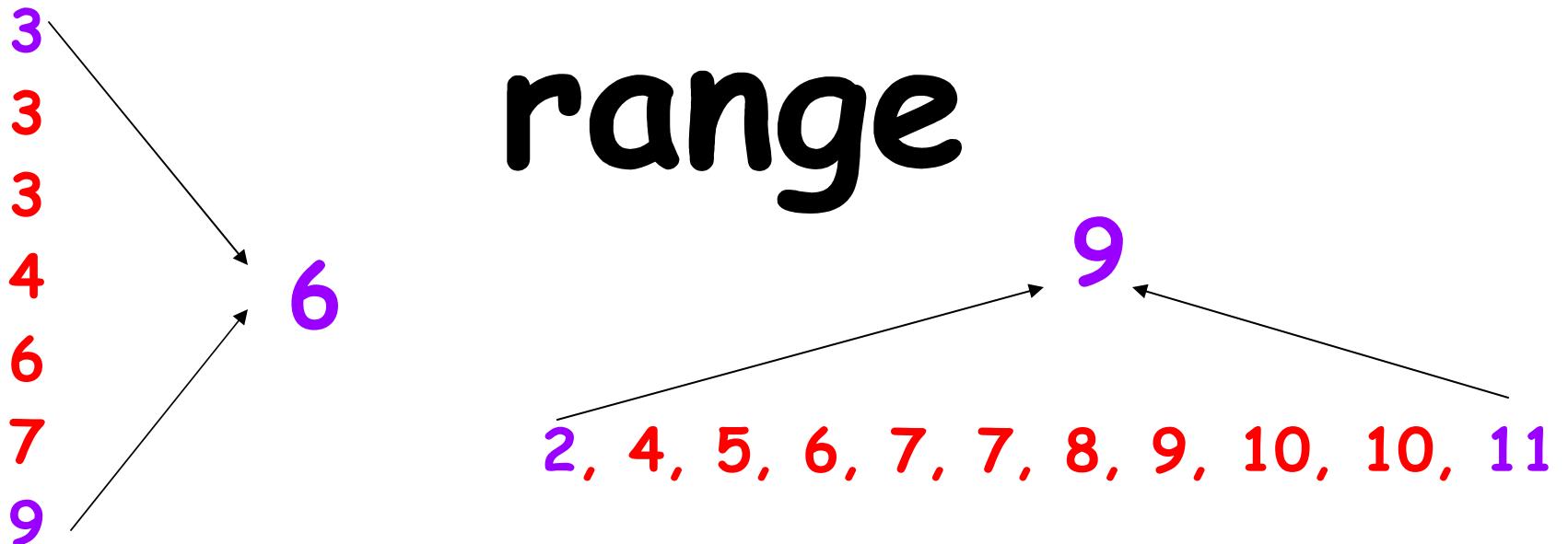
median



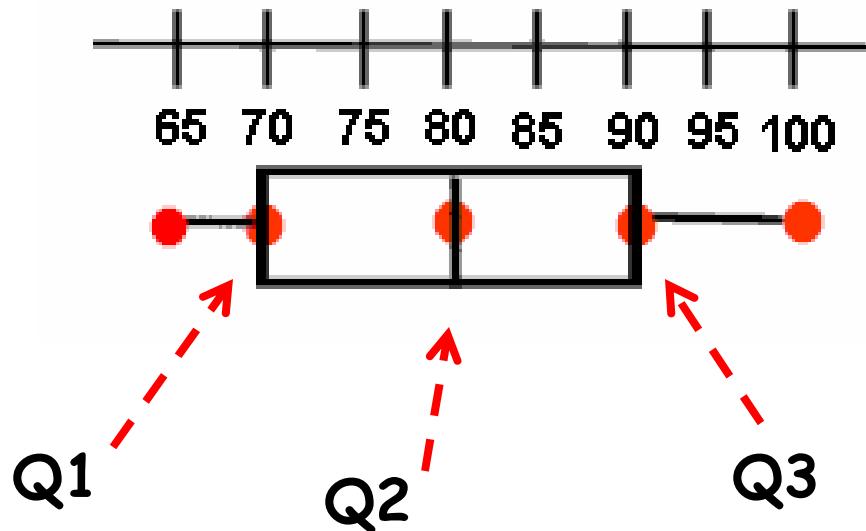
mode



range



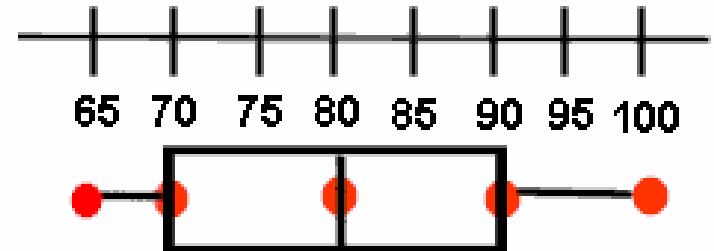
quartile



interquartile

range

$$\begin{aligned} \text{IQR} &= Q_3 - Q_1 \\ &= 90 - 70 \\ &= 20 \end{aligned}$$

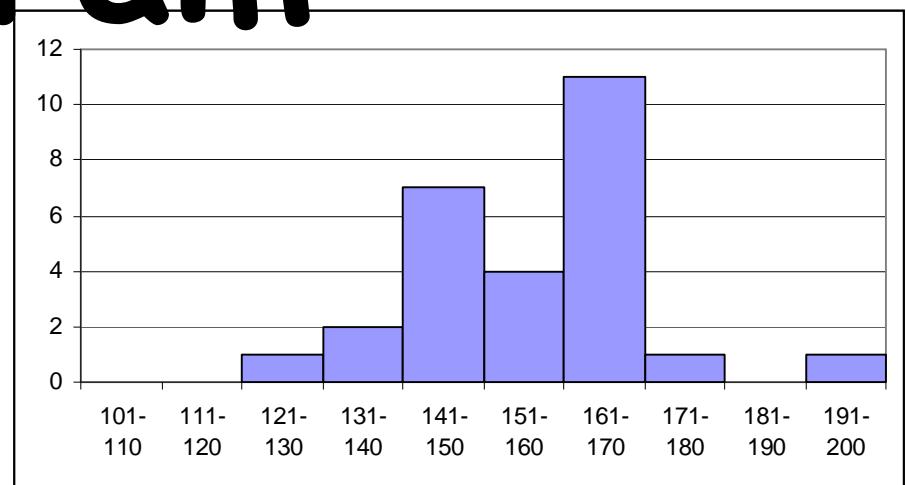
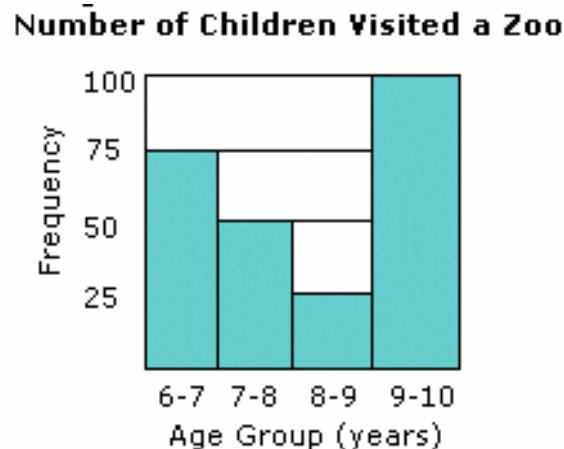


outlier

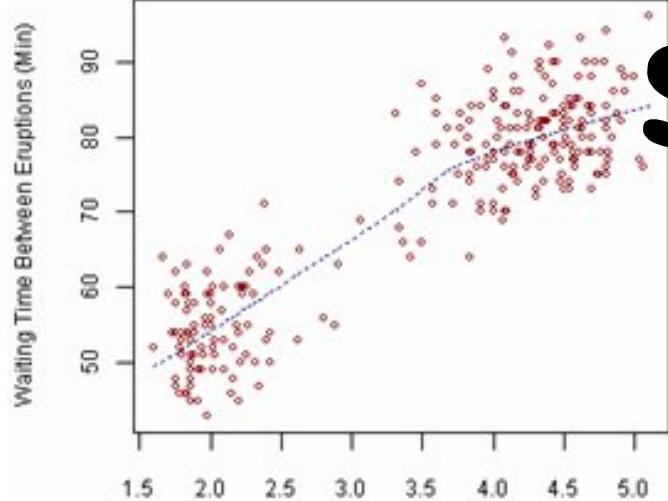
Test Scores



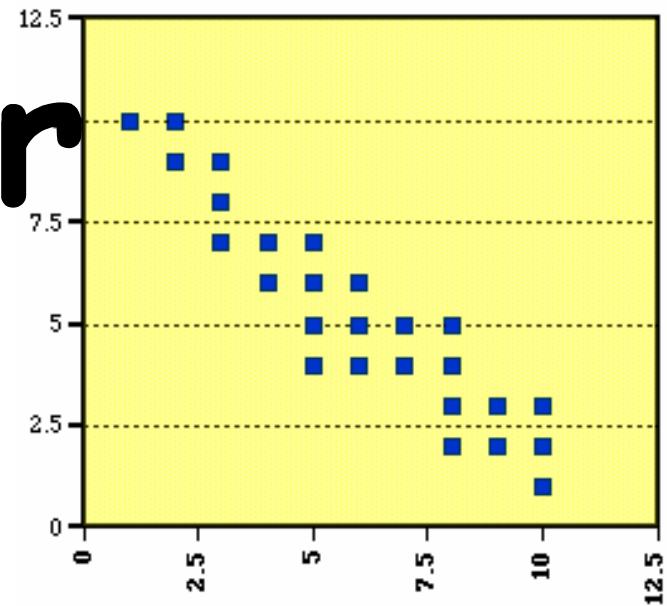
histogram



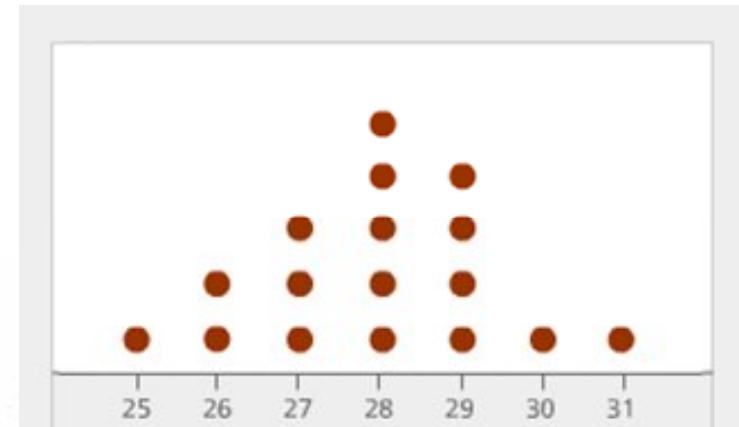
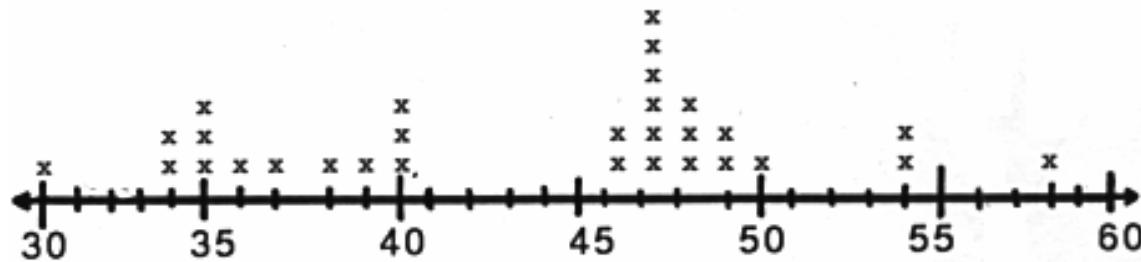
Old Faithful Eruptions



scatter
plot



line plot



M&Ms per bag

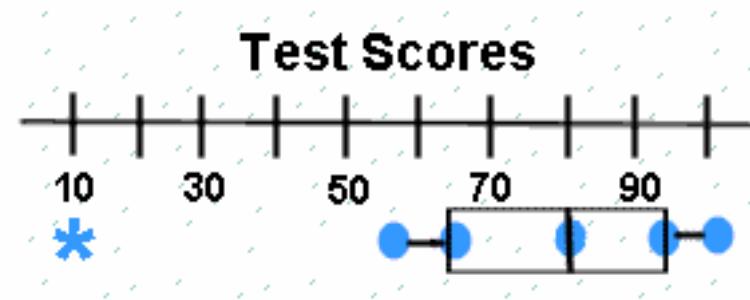
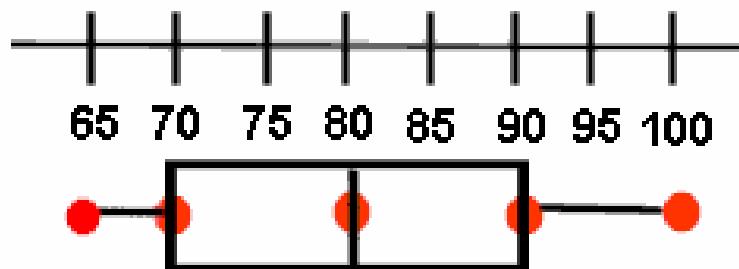
≈

approximately equal to

1 in ≈ 2.5 cm

1 m ≈ 1 yd

box-and-whisker plot



indirect proportion

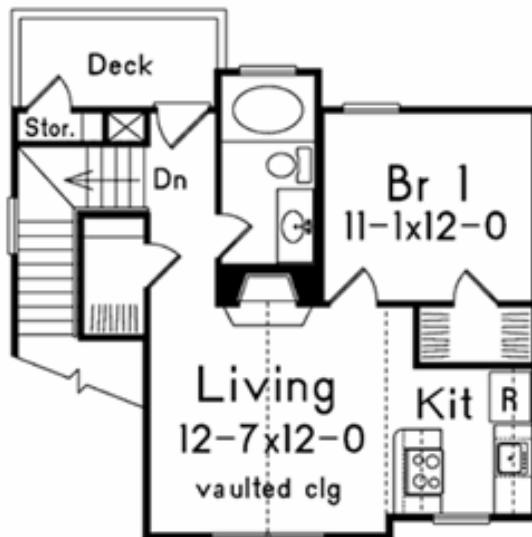
$$y = \frac{60}{x}$$

x	y
2	30
3	20
5	12
10	6

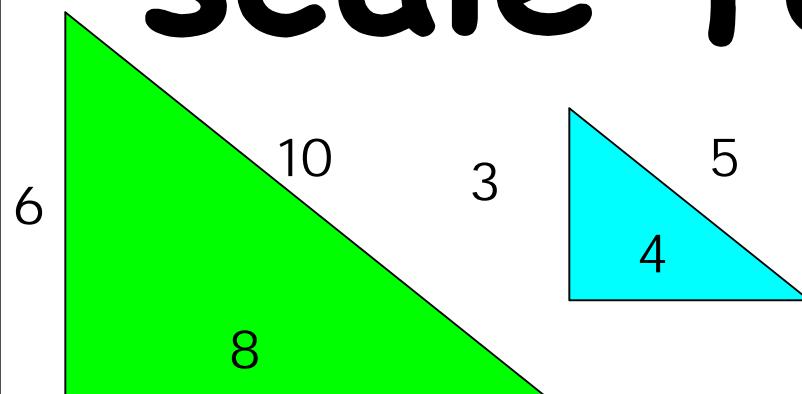
$$y = \frac{36}{x}$$

x	y
2	30
3	20
5	12
10	6

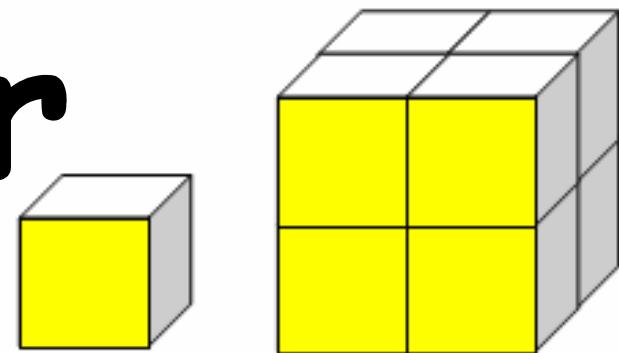
scale drawing



scale factor



Scale factor is 2 or 2:1



Length - scale factor is 2

Area - scale factor is 4

Volume - scale factor is 8